Appl. No. Filed : 10/581,371

: April 19, 2007

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend Claim 30 as indicated below:

dynamical phase transition state;

 (Withdrawn) A method for detecting an analyte in a sample, comprising: providing a suspension of colloidal particles, wherein said particles are associated with a ligand that binds to said analyte, and wherein said colloidal particles are near a

contacting said suspension with said sample; and

determining whether said colloidal particles transition from a first phase to a second phase, wherein such transition is indicative of said analyte being present in said sample.

- (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein said colloidal particles comprise a lipid layer.
- (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 2, wherein said lipid layer comprises a lipid bilayer.
- (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 3, wherein said lipid bilayer comprises a natural cell membrane.
- (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 3, wherein said lipid bilayer comprises an artificial cell membrane.
- (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein said colloidal particles are covalently linked to said ligand.
- (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein said ligand is non-covalently linked to said colloidal particles.
- 8. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein said ligand is interspersed within a lipid layer on said colloidal particles.
- (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein said colloidal particles have a net negative charge or a net neutral charge.
- 10. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein said analyte is selected from the group consisting of: a protein, a nucleic acid, an antibody, an antigen, a receptor, a virus, and a bacteria.

Appl. No. : 10/581,371 Filed : April 19, 2007

11. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein determining whether said colloidal particles transition from a first phase to a second phase comprises measuring the distances between centers of said colloidal particles in said suspension.

- (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein said colloidal particles are between 1 μm and 10 μm
- (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein said first phase is a condensed phase and said second phase is a dispersed phase.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein said first phase is a dispersed phase and said second phase is a condensed phase.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 1, wherein said suspension of colloidal particles comprises a first population of colloidal particles and a second population of colloidal particles.
- (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 15, wherein said first population comprises colloidal particles that are larger than the colloidal particles in said second population.
- 17. (Withdrawn) The method of Claim 15, wherein said first population comprises colloidal particles that are labeled differently than the colloidal particles in said second population.
- 18. (Previously presented) An assay system for detecting the binding of an analyte to a ligand, comprising:
 - a suspension of colloidal particles, wherein said colloidal particles are near a dynamical phase transition state;
 - a ligand associated with said particles and specific for said analyte; and
 - a device configured to determine if said colloidal particles transition from a first phase to a second phase when contacted by said analyte, wherein such transition is indicative of said analyte being bound to said ligand.
- 19. (Previously presented) The assay system of Claim 18, wherein said suspension of colloidal particles comprises a first population of colloidal particles and a second population of colloidal particles.

Appl. No. : 10/581,371 Filed : April 19, 2007

20. (Previously presented) The assay system of Claim 19, wherein said first population comprises colloidal particles that are larger than the colloidal particles in said second population.

- 21. (Previously presented) The assay system of Claim 19, wherein said first population comprises colloidal particles that are labeled differently than the colloidal particles in said second population.
- (Previously presented) The assay system of Claim 18, wherein said colloidal particles comprise a lipid layer.
- (Previously presented) The assay system of Claim 22, wherein said lipid layer comprises a natural cell membrane.
- (Previously presented) The assay system of Claim 18, wherein said colloidal particles are covalently linked to said ligand.
- (Previously presented) The assay system of Claim 18, wherein said ligand is noncovalently linked to said colloidal particles.
- 26. (Previously presented) The assay system of Claim 18, wherein said first phase is a condensed phase and said second phase is a dispersed phase.
- 27. (Previously presented) The assay system of Claim 18, wherein said first phase is a dispersed phase and said second phase is a condensed phase.
- 28. (Previously presented) An assay system for detecting the binding of an analyte to a ligand, comprising:
 - a suspension of colloidal particles, wherein said particles are coated with a lipid layer, and wherein said particles are near a dynamical phase transition state;
 - a ligand associated with said lipid layer, wherein said ligand is specific for said analyte; and
 - means for detecting if said colloidal particles transition from a first phase to a second phase when contacted by said analyte, wherein such transition is indicative of said analyte being bound to said ligand.
- (Previously presented) The assay system of Claim 28, wherein said means for detecting comprises a microscope.

Appl. No. : 10/581,371 Filed : April 19, 2007

30. (Currently amended) The assay system of Claim 28, wherein said means for detecting comprises a florescence fluorescence detector.

- 31. (Previously presented) The assay system of Claim 28, wherein said lipid layer comprises a natural cell membrane.
- 32. (Previously presented) The assay system of Claim 28, wherein said ligand is noncovalently linked to said lipid layer.